

# PadPuls M2C

Art.No.: IM003GC + IM003GCB

(Valid from M-Bus generation: \$40)

Art.-No. IM003GC: 2-channel pulse collector for rail mounting with 0,23Ah battery Art.-No. IM003GCB: 2-channel pulse collector for rail mounting with 1,35Ah battery

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# 1 Functional description

The PadPuls M2C serves for the adaptation to the M-Bus system of consumption measuring instruments, such as, current, gas or water meters. However, the meters to be adapted must have a floating pulse output. Up to two impulse meters can simultaneous be connected to the inputs of this device.

Optionally the user can activate a tariff function, by which energy or volume pulses are accumulated in separate meter readings for primary and secondary tariffs. In this case a floating signal for tariff switch is used at Port 2. If a voltage signal is available as tariff switch, a special, galvanically isolated input of the PadPuls M2C is used. This enables e.g. the direct use of the main supply voltage (230V or 110V) from a ripple control receiver of the power supplier.

Each port or each tariff of the PadPuls M2C can be read on M-Bus using its own primary and secondary address. The PadPuls M2C thus acts as two stand-alone M-Bus Slaves! The user configures the pulse collector with the software MBCONF. The accumulated pulses are converted into kWh, m<sup>3</sup>, J or other physical units. The user interface of MBCONF allows the operator to get an easy access to the configuration.

When connected to the M-Bus the PadPuls M2C is powered from the bus. A built-in battery ensures that metering continues if the M-Bus is interrupted. Two battery options are available. The version with the higher capacity allows M-Bus independent metering for several years.

Another feature of the PadPuls M2C is the due-date function. Meter data are saved separately at the preset due-date at 00:00 hour (day change to the due-date) by the implemented clock with calendar function. The due-date can be changed without lost of the already stored counters. Additionally the M-Bus Master can initiate an immediate execution of the due-date function by sending of the so-called "Freeze" command. A "Freeze" sent to all pulse collectors using the broadcast address 255 is helpful for generating reading profiles of an M-Bus system. Afterwards the master software polls the data of all meters.

The complete configuration data is saved into a non-volatile memory (EEPROM). Additional security is provided by daily saving of meter readings into this EEPROM. In case of M-Bus fail and empty battery the last saved data is restored on power up.

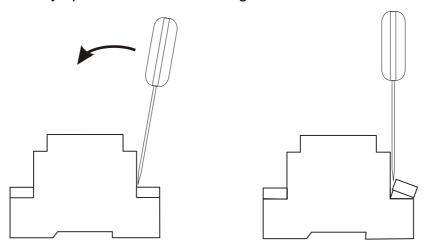
The configuration data can be protected against unauthorized manipulation. The PadPuls M2C can therefore be switched to protection mode with a special M-Bus telegram. Subsequent changes to device parameters cannot be made in this operating mode. The protection mode can then only be disabled by opening the sealed housing and pressing the unprotect pushbutton for minimum 4 seconds.

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# 2 Installation and Startup

## 2.1 Activating

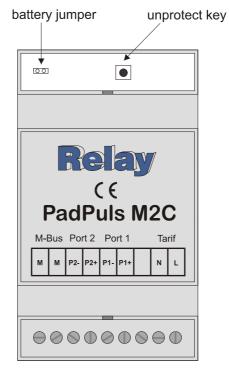
Coming from factory the PadPuls M2C must first be activated. The upper terminal cover of the housing must be opened (see drawing) and the jumper has to be placed on both pins. Then battery operation and data saving is activated on M-Bus failure.

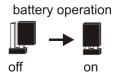


After removing the cover you have access to the follwing control elements:

If you have completed all assembly and configuration work, you should protect the device against manipulation with one sticking (seal) on the terminal cover and the case.

If the device is not used for a longer time, it is advisable to deactivate battery operation by removing the jumper to preserve the battery.

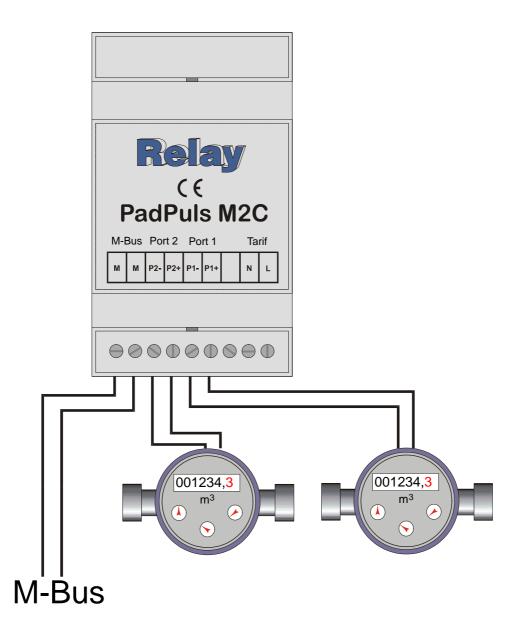






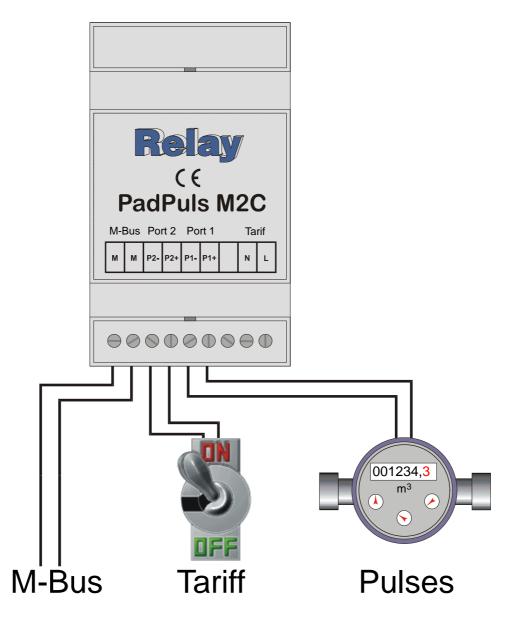
### 2.2 Connecting

The following figure shows the link of two counters with impulse outputs to the PadPuls M2C. We recommend to use 2-wire cables (twisted pair, NYM or j-Y(St)Y) with a max. length of 10m. In any case it must be noted that the total capacity of the cable plus impulse generator attached at any port may not exceed 2nF (optional 12nF with activated "extended pulse sampling").



• If not all ports of PadPulse M2C are used, you should not attach a cable to the respective unused port. The capacity of an open-circuited cable reduces the lifetime of the battery in stand-alone operation (no M-Bus available).

The following graph represents the diagram of connections in the tariff mode with one counter and a tariff signal generator:



Alternatively you can use a voltage signal (e.g. 230VAC) as tariff signal. Please connect this signal to the terminals N (neutral conductor) and L (phase).

The specifications of the impulse and tariff signal generator can be taken from the technical data. The maximum pulse frequency to be counted is 14Hz.

• If the pulse frequency is over 14 Hz, false countings can occur.

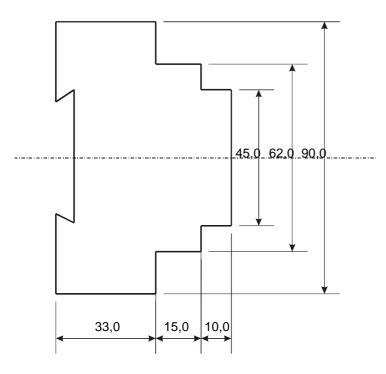
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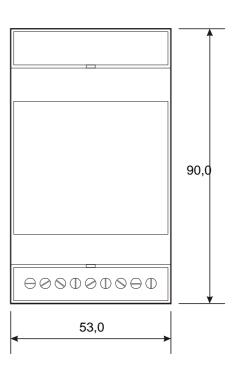
The PadPuls M2C is supplied from M-Bus if it is available. In this normal state the internal battery is then not loaded. Only when the M-Bus fails the battery takes over automatically the supply. There is no lost of data and the counting function is continued. The PadPuls M2C draws approximately 1.5mA current (one unit load) from the M-Bus.

### 2.3 Mounting the case

The rear side of the housing of the PadPuls M2C has a special mechanism for mounting on a DIN rail according to DIN EN 50022.

The following drawings show the mechanical dimensions of the device (all dimensions in mm):





Side view Front view

# 3 Parameterization using MBCONF

The configuration of the device must be adapted by the customer to the respective installation. The current version \$40 of PadPuls M2C requires the use of the program MBCONF for configuration. The older DOS version PADCON may not be used anymore.

#### 3.1 Installation

The software MBCONF for configuration of the pulse adaptor is a 32-bit application, which can be executed on IBM-PC compatible computers under the operating systems Windows 95 / 98 / NT 4.0. The desktop PC or laptop must have a free serial RS232C interface to connect the M-Bus level converter. The PadPuls M2C to be parameterized must be connected directly (i.e. as only M-Bus device) to the M-Bus output of the level converter.

Please start the file "MBCONF\_SETUP.EXE" from Windows Explorer or via "Start -Execute" to install the software from version 1.40 up. Subsequently you select the language of the installation procedure. The setup software can create a program group and a link on the desktop on demand. You can then execute both versions for German and English language either from start menu or desktop.

## 3.2 Operation

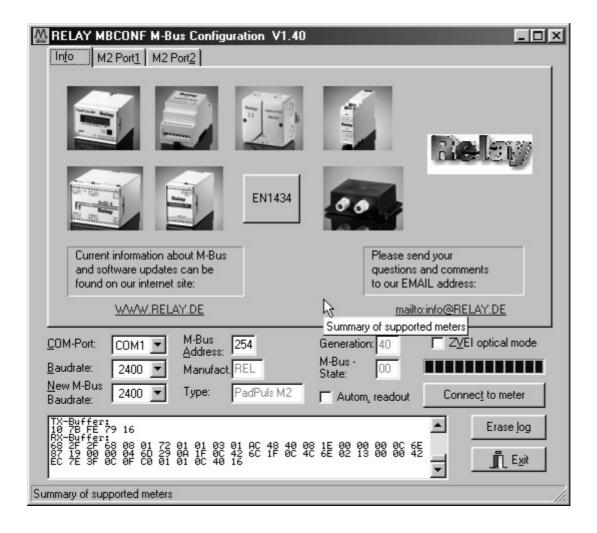
After program start the user operates the software according to the Windows conventions with the mouse or the keyboard. If you stay with the mouse on a button or an input field, then a hint to its function appears. Light-grey fields and boxes are not capable for editing.

All input fields and buttons have an underlined letter. The function can be activated by simultaneous pressing of the keys [ALT] and the respective letter. Within dialogs the cursor can be moved with the keys [TAB] or [SHIFT][TAB ] forwards and back. [SPACE] activates or deactivates selection boxes. Multiple selection boxes (arrow at the right edge) can be activated with  $[\mbox{$\psi$}]$ . The user then selects an entry with  $[\mbox{$\psi$}]$  and  $[\mbox{$\Omega$}]$ . By pressing [RETURN] the selected entry is taken over. With [ESC] the selection box is left without transfer.

The program is arranged as a sheet system. The sheet "Info" contains general options of the communication with the M-Bus device to be configured. In this sheet the user can select the serial port of the PC, the baudrate of the PC, the baudrate of the M-Bus device and the M-Bus primary address which is used for communication. After a successful connection with the M-Bus device, further manufacturer information is shown in the sheet "Info" and additional device-specific sheets are displayed.

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#### 3.3 Sheet Info



This sheet shows some photos of supported M-Bus devices from the product range of the Relay GmbH, the PadMess GmbH and further manufacturer. Here are also links to the Internet page, from which the current version of the program can be downloaded, and to the email address for criticism and suggestions to the program.

The lower third of this card is likewise visible in every other card. Here the following input fields and buttons are always attainable:

#### **COM-Port**

is the serial port of the PC to which the M-Bus level converter is connected. The selected port will be saved in an INI file and will be restored on startup. Therefore the COM-Port has to be configured only once.

#### **B**audrate

ist the transmission speed of the serial port of the PC used for parameterization. Possible selections for this used M-Bus baudrate are 300, 2400 or 9600 baud. Attention: Baudrates of more than

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2400 baud are not supported by all M-Bus level converters which are available on the market! The selected baudrate must be identical to the baudrate of the M-Bus device. (see: "New M-Bus Baudrate"). The PadPuls M2C supports the baudrates 300 and 2400 Bd.

#### New M-Bus Baudrate

allows reprogramming the baudrate of the M-Bus device. The new baudrate is sent to the M-Bus device after a change in the appropriate selection box. If the M-Bus slave accepts this command, it acknowledges the telegram with the single character "\$E5" (\$ for hexadecimal notation) using the old baudrate. Afterwards the device switches to the new baudrate. This button is not needed for the PadPuls M2C, since it automatically detects the baudrate used by the master.

#### **M-Bus Address**

is the primary address of the connected M-Bus slave. In a direct connection with only one slave you can use the broadcast address 254. Using this address every M-Bus device must answer regardless of its own address.

# Connect to meter

is used to request data from the slave. The type of device is then automatically recognized. The items "Manufact.", "Generation", "Type" and "M-Bus State" will then be refreshed. New sheets are generated depending on manufacturer and type of the M-Bus device. A single sheet for each channel appears in case of PadPuls M2C. The sheets are labelled "M2 Port1" for the first and "M2 Port2" for the second channel.

#### Manufact.

is an item that shows the 3-letter manufacturer code after successful reading ("Connect to meter"). The item is read only.

#### Generation

shows the software revision of the firmware of the connected M-Bus device. The item is read only.

#### **Type**

shows the type (here: PadPuls M2) of the connected device. This item is read only.

#### M-Bus State

shows the M-Bus state of the connected device. This item is read only.

# Z<u>V</u>EI optical

mode

If this option is activated, devices with an optical interface and protocol according to EN 1434-3 can be read and programmed using an optical reading head (e.g. PadPuls M4 / M4L).

#### Autom. readout

The software always reads the data after writing, if this option is activated (useful for checking the correct programming).

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#### Log-Window

The so-called log window is always visible. All M-Bus communication steps are logged in this window. Data is displayed in hexadecimal notation. It is possible to mark outputs in the log window and copy them with the keys "CTL-C" to the windows clipboard. Then the data can be easily imported to any text editor for documentation. As soon as the max. storage capacity of the window is achieved, no more data is logged. If you want to log further, you must delete the logged data.

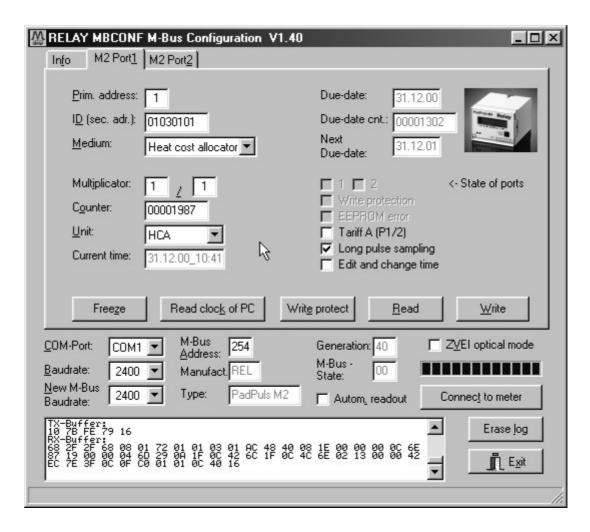
The following buttons are also always visible:

**Erase log** clears all outputs inside the log window.

**Exit** terminates the program and stores the current setting of serial port

(port no.) into the INI file.

#### 3.4 Sheets M2 Port1 and M2 Port2



These sheet shows the current settings and values of the respectively pulse channel (port) of the PadPuls M2C (in this example: Port 1). The following input boxes and buttons are used to change the params of the pulse adapter:

**Primary address** is the M-Bus address of the selected port. Values between 1 and

250 can be entered in this field for new assignment of the address. After pressing the "Write" button the software programs this primary address and further variable settings on this sheet into the M-Bus

device.

**ID** (sec. adr.) is the 8 digit M-Bus ID (identification no.), which is also used for

secondary addressing of this port.

**Medium** describes the measured medium of the connected meter.

Examples: Oil, Water, Heat, Electricity

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**Multiplicator** is the pulse increment (multiplicator) of the connected meter. For

each registered pulse the device adds "multiplicator" to the counter. The numerator can take values between 0 (no counting) and 99,

the denominator between 1 and 256.

**<u>U</u>nit** is the physical unit of the counter and of the pulse increment. All

proper units including variants with power of ten from the DIN EN

1434-3 are offered in the selection list.

Counter is the accumulated counter. It has to be related to the unit

mentioned above. The counter can be programmed equal to the

counter of the connected meter in a range of 0 to 99999999.

**Current time** is the current date and time-of-day of the internal clock in the format

DD.MM.YY\_hh.mm. This field can be only edited and modified in the PadPuls, if the switch "Edit and change time" is activated. The button "Read clock of PC" transfers once the current date and time of the PC into this window. The time-of-day and the date always

apply to all ports of PadPuls M2C.

**Due-date** is the last due-date (date of the last storage of the due-date

counter) in the format DD.MM.YY. This field is read only.

**Due-date cnt.** is the counter which was saved at the due-date. This field is read

only.

**Next** is the next (future) due-date (date of the next storage of the **Due-date** counter) in the format DD.MM.YY. The counter will be saved at

counter) in the format DD.MM.YY. The counter will be saved at 00:00, e.g. with due-date 01.01 at change from 31th of December 23:59 to 1<sup>st</sup> of January 00:00. This field can be edited and programmed only, if the switch "Edit and change time" is marked.

The due-date always applies to all ports of PadPuls M2C.

State of ports shows the current input state of all ports (a closed contact is

marked). This item is read only.

Write protection is marked, if the device is protected against programming. Then

you cannot configure the adapter. The protection can be removed after opening the sealable housing and pressing the "Unprotect"

pushbutton for a minimum of 4 seconds.

**EEPROM error** is marked, if there was an error while reading the non-volatile

memory. In this case you must reconfigure the device.

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#### Tariff A (P1/2)

is used for activation tariff mode on port 1 and 2. The tariff mode will be selected after pressing the "Write" button, if the check box is marked. Port 1 is then used as pulse input and port 2 is the tariff switch. With an open tariff switch the pulses are accumulated to the counter for port 1 (main tariff). With a closed tariff contact the pulses increment the counter for port 2 (special tariff).

## Long pulse sampling

activates a longer charging of the contacts before sampling the inputs. This allows higher capacitors and / or many pulse generators with So interface (photocoupler with capacitors) to be connected. On delivery the extended pulse sampling is activated. The lifetime of battery is increased for about 15% if this feature is not used.

# time

Edit and change activation of this check box allows editing and programming of the "Current time" and "Next due-date". The checkbox is deactivated automatically after successful configuration with "Write".

#### **Freeze**

transmits a command to the PadPuls M2C telling it to freeze the counters. The PadPuls M2C then copies the current counter to the "Due-date counter" and the current date to the (last) "Due-date". The storage is done for all ports simultaneously. This the same behaviour as at due-date. The freeze command can be used with the broadcast address 255 to order all PadPuls to save the current counters. Then the M-Bus master has enough time to read all meters and get values of the same time (reading profiles).

#### Read clock of PC

once gets the current date and time from the clock of the PC and transfers it into the item "Current time".

#### Write protect

Transmits a command to the PadPuls M2C to activate write protect. The PadPuls M2C then allows no further configuration. It is protected against unnoticed manipulation.

#### Read

reads the M-Bus device and refreshes the data on the selected sheet.

#### Write

sends the current options to the pulse converter, which saves this data into the non-volatile memory. The PadPuls M2C changes the options only if the write protect is deactivated. It is recommended to read the data after writing and check it.



#### Notes:

- 1. The variables "Current time", "Next due-date", "Write protection", "Long pulse sampling "and the command "Freeze" always apply to all ports. Therefore you need to edit these items only in one sheet. The write protect should be activated after successful configuration of all ports.
- 2. Please press first the button "Connect to meter" after connecting a new M-Bus device. Afterwards all sheets are refreshed.
- 3. Examples for configuration of pulse increment and unit:
  - Water meter with counter = 45120 I and 1 Pulse = 10 I: Choice 1: Unit = 10 I, Multiplicator = 1/1, Counter =  $4512 \text{ (} \times 10 \text{ I)}$ Choice 2: Unit = 1 I, Multiplicator = 10 / 1, Counter = 45120 (x 1 I)
  - Electricity meter with counter = 78346 kWh and 64 pulses / kWh: Choice: Unit = 1kWh, Multiplicator = 1 / 64, Counter = 78346 ( x 1kWh)
  - Electricity meter with counter = 112,345 kWh and 1000 pulses / kWh: Choice: Unit = 1Wh, Multiplicator = 1 / 1, Counter = 1123454 (x 0,001Wh)
- 4. With activated tariff option the pulses are evaluated with the adjustments of the respective port. Therefore you should take care that both ports have the same pulse increment and unit.

# 4 Notes on malfunctionings

Error	Possible source of error
No function in battery mode	- Battery jumper is not placed
	- Battery is empty (voltage min. 2.9V)
No function after installation, although	- After placing the jumper a reset is
the battery jumper is placed and the M-	generated using an R/C combination.
Bus is connected	It is possible that the reset was not
	correct. Please lift the jumper, wait
	about 10 seconds and place it again.
Pulses are not counted or wrong	- Check connection of the pulse meter
	<ul> <li>Activate the "extended pulse</li> </ul>
	sampling" if your system has:
	a) long cables (> 10m)
	b) high capacitors
	c) electronic S <sub>0</sub> interface
	- Check configuration (especially pulse
	increment and tariff mode)

# 5 Exchange of battery

The battery of the PadPuls M2C (IM003GC with coin-type) can be exchanged by the user. The empty battery must be removed from the battery clip and a new lithium cointype cell CR2032 is to be inserted. You can acquire these batteries in the trade or directly from us. Note: You must destroy the factory seal of the housing if you want to exchange the battery (warranty Is lost).

The M-Bus voltage should be connected to the PadPuls M2C to ensure that the device is counting on while battery exchange. If the device is not attached to the M-Bus, you can supply it alternatively with a DC voltage within the range of 12 to 45 VDC on the M-Bus terminals.

# 6 M-Bus Telegrams

Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Name:	Start	Length	Length	Start	С	Α	CI	$ID_0$	ID <sub>1</sub>	ID <sub>2</sub>	ID <sub>3</sub>	Man <sub>0</sub>
Value (hex):	68	2F	2F	68	80		72					AC

13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Man <sub>1</sub>	Gen	Med	TC	State	Sig <sub>0</sub>	Sig <sub>1</sub>	DIF1	VIF1	Stand <sub>0</sub>	Stand <sub>1</sub>	Stand <sub>2</sub>	Stand <sub>3</sub>	DIF2
48					00	00	0C						04

27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
VIF2	Date <sub>0</sub>	Date <sub>1</sub>	Date <sub>2</sub>	Date <sub>3</sub>	DIF3	VIF3	LeStD <sub>0</sub>	LeStD <sub>1</sub>	DIF4	VIF4	StStn <sub>0</sub>	StStn <sub>1</sub>	StStn <sub>2</sub>
6D					42	6C			4C				

41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
StStn <sub>3</sub>	DIF5	VIF5	VIFE5	StDat <sub>0</sub>	StDat <sub>1</sub>	DIF6	Info	Numer ator	Denomi nator	PStat	CS	Stop
	42	EC	7E			0F						16

#### RSP\_UD telegram

A: primary address

ID<sub>0-3</sub>: identification no. for secondary addressing

Man<sub>0-1</sub>: manufacturer code

Gen: revision of firmware (at this time \$40, reserved range \$40 to \$4F)

Med: medium

TC: transmission counter (number of transmitted RSP\_UD)

State: most significant bit set (bit 7) -> write protected

bit 3 set (permanent error) -> error in EEPROM data

VIF1=VIF4: selected VIF (value information field -> physical unit)

Stand: current counter

Date: current date (IEC870-5-4: data type F)

LeStD: last due-date, date of the due-date counter (IEC870-5-4: data type G)

StStn: due-date counter StDat: next (future) due-date

Info: 1 byte with information about tariff and sampling method)

Numerator: numerator of pulse increment(1..99)

Denominator: denominator of pulse increment (1..255, 0 -> 256)

1 Pulse =  $\frac{Numerator}{Denomin ator} * VIF$ 

PStat: state of inputs (current input state of the ports)

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#### Byte 48 (Info)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value (bin)	х	Sampling	х	Tariff A	0	0	0	Select

Select: number of the port, for which the data is valid

0: Port1, 1: Port2

Tariff A: tariff A (Port 1 = count input, Port2 = counter / tariff signal)

0: tariff off (Port2=count input), 1: tariff on (Port2=tariff signal)

Sampling: duration of a sampling

0: short (0.5ms), 1: long (1.5ms)

Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Name:	Start	Length	Length	Start	С	Α	CI	DIF1	VIF1	Anw.	DIF2	VIF2
Value (hex):	68			68	53		51	01	7F		01	7A

13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
PAdr	DIF3	VIF3	$ID_0$	ID <sub>1</sub>	$ID_2$	$ID_3$	Man <sub>0</sub>	Man <sub>1</sub>	Gen	Med	DIF4	VIF4	Stand <sub>0</sub>
	07	79					AC	48			0C		

27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Stand <sub>1</sub>	Stand <sub>2</sub>	Stand <sub>3</sub>	DIF5	VIF5	Date <sub>0</sub>	Date <sub>1</sub>	Date <sub>2</sub>	Date <sub>3</sub>	DIF6	VIF6	StDat <sub>0</sub>	StDat <sub>1</sub>	DIF7
			04	6D					42	6C			0F

41	42	43	44	45
Opt.	Numer ator	Deno minat.	CS	Stop
				16

SND\_UD telegram (Abbreviations see RSP\_UD)

Port: seleced port (used with address 254)

0=Port1, 1=Port2

PAdr: new primary address of the port

Numerator: Numerator of pulse increment (1..99, BCD format)

Denominator: Denominator of pulse increment (1..255, 0 -> 256, binary fromat) Option: Options (tariff, sampling). Coding like Info (Byte 48 RSP\_UD).

The PadPuls M2C analyzes the individual data records on the basis of the DIF. Therefore the order of the records is allowed to vary. It is also possible to transmit only parts of the SND\_UD specified above. The manufacturer-specific appendix of the telegram is always first analysed and must be included therefore in any case. The optional record "DIF1 VIF1 Anw" selects a port to be addressed with global address 254. This must be always the first record in the telegram.

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Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Name:	Start	Length	Length	Start	С	Α	CI	DIF	Prot.	CS	Stop
Value (hex):	68	05	05	68	53		51	0F	55		16

#### Protection-Telegram

This telegram activates the write protection.

Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Name:	Start	Length	Length	Start	С	Α	CI	DIF	Anw.	CS	Stop
Value (hex):	68	05	05	68	53		51	0F			16

Select telegram (old method)

Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Name:	Start	Length	Length	Start	С	Α	CI	DIF	VIF	Anw.	CS
Value (hex):	68	06	06	68	53		51	01	7F		
	12										
	Stop										
	16										

Select telegram (new method)

Anw. specifies the Port of the PadPuls M2C, which answers to a REQ\_UD2 at address

254:

Port1: Anw=00 Port2: Anw=01

Position	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Name:	Start	Length	Length	Start	С	Α	CI	CS	Stop
Value (hex):	68	03	03	68	53	·	54		16

#### Freeze telegram

On reception of this telegram the pulse adapter saves the current counters of all ports into the due-date counters and the current date into the due-date.

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## 7 Technical Data

<u>Case</u>

Mounting DIN rail according to DIN EN 50022

Material ABS plastic

Colour light-grey (similar RAL 7035)

 $W \times H \times D$  (53 x 90 x 58) mm

Protection type IP40

**Environment** 

Operating temperature 0 to 55 °C

Storage temperature -20 to 60 °C

Humidity (non condensing) 10% to 70%

Specifications to contacts of pulse generators

Potential floating, insulation to earth >  $1M\Omega$ 

Resistance open >  $1M\Omega$ , closed <  $2k\Omega$ 

Maximum capacity (incl. cable) 2nF (short sampling), 12nF (long sampling)

Minimum contact duration 30 ms
Minimum pause between contacts 30 ms
Maxium pulse frequenz 14 Hz

Specifications to contact of tariff generator

Potential floating, insulation to earth >  $1M\Omega$ 

Resistance open >  $1M\Omega$ , closed <  $2k\Omega$ 

Maximum capacity (incl. cable) 2nF (short sampling), 12nF (long sampling)

Possible signal wave forms 50 / 60 Hz or static signals

230VAC tariff signal

Voltage 100 VAC to 250 VAC

Frequency 45 Hz to 65 Hz

Galvanic isolation to M-Bus 1.5 kV

PadPuls contact input:

Contact voltage 2.5V to 3.6V

Contact current  $30 \mu A$  Guaranteed debounce time 5.0 ms

Connection cable maximum 10 m (Twisted Pair recommended)

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**Current consumption** 

Principle remote power supply from M-Bus with

automatic changeover to battery on bus failure

Bus operation max. 1.5 mA (unit load),

no battery loading

Battery standard Lithium 3V, coin-type, 230mAh, exchangable

optional Lithium 3V, type 2/3AA, 1350mAh

Battery operation at 25°C ca. 50µA (long sampling)

Battery lifetime in standard battery: at 25°C ca. 1/2 year battery operation optional battery: at 25°C ca. 3 years

Max. no. of days with M-Bus fail standard battery: at 25°C ca. 18 days p.a. per year for 10 years operation optional battery: at 25°C ca. 110 days p.a.

Short sampling Battery lifetime is lengthened by ca.15% if short

sampling is activated.

M-Bus: physical characteristics

M-Bus quiescent current typ. 1.4 mA, max. 1.5 mA (1 unit load)

Space(0-Bit) current quiescent current (1.4 mA) + typ. 13 mA

M-Bus Interface TI TSS721 with 2 x  $215\Omega$  protection resitors

**M-Bus Protocol** 

Standard EN1434-3

Transmission speed 300, 2400 baud with automatic detection

Addressing Primary- and secondary addressing with wildcards,

per input port: 1 primary and 1 secondary address

Supported functions SND\_NKE, REQ\_UD2, SND\_UD,

ignores FCB-Bit (according to EN1434-3)

Data structure, Low-Byte-First (CI: 72h)

length = 53 Bytes

1. data record: counter

data record: date and time
 data record: last due-date

4. data record: last due-date counter

5. data record: next due-date

6. data record: manufacturer specific data

Configuration telegram Identification no., medium, primary address, pulse

increment, pulse unit, initial counter, tariff mode.

date / time and next due-date:

can be parameterized via SND\_UD through M-Bus

or optical interface